
- 1. Narrowing and poor blood flow in the arteries supplying the legs is called:
- A. Angina
- B. Raynaud's phenomenon
- C. Claudication
- D. CVA
- 2. Which of the following is NOT a synonymous terminology pair:
- A. Heart attack myocardial infarction
- B. CVA stroke
- C. COPD emphysema
- D. Fainting syncope
- E. Ulcerative Colitis Crohn's disease
- 3. A hernia in the groin area is called:
- A. Hiatal hernia
- B. Umbilical hernia
- C. Inguinal hernia
- D. Ventral hernia
- 4. Atrial fibrillation causes an irregular heartbeat, sometimes rapid, and often requires anticoagulation medicine to prevent stroke:
- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE
- 5. The three most common diseases seen in healthcare are:
- A. Hypertension, hyperlipidemia, Rheumatoid Arthritis
- B. COPD, Crohn's disease, Diabetes
- C. Sleep apnea, CVA, peptic ulcer disease
- D. Hypertension, Diabetes, Hyperlipidemia
- 6. Enlargement of an artery due to weakness of the arterial wall is called:
- A. DVT
- B. Embolus
- C. Aneurysm
- D. Ischemia

Α.	doitei
В.	Grave's disease
C.	Thymoma
D.	Hashimoto's disease
8.	When the stomach process food more slowly than normal, it is called:
A.	Gastritis
В.	GERD
C.	H.Pylori
D.	Gastroparesis
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9.	Which of the following is NOT a neurologic problem:
A.	
В.	
C.	CVA
D.	Peripheral Neuropathy
Ε.	
F.	Polycythemia Vera
	, ,
10	. All of the following are bone or joint disorders EXCEPT:
	Psoriasis
В.	Osteoporosis
C.	Osteopenia
	Osteoarthritis
E.	
_,	
11	. All of the following are skin-related diseases EXCEPT:
	Melanoma
В.	BPH

7. Which of the following is NOT a condition involving the thyroid gland:

- 12. The type of hernia that causes GERD and it's complications:
- A. Ventral hernia

E. Basal Cell carcinoma

C. UrticariaD. Scleroderma

F. Xanthoma

- B. Inguinal herniaC. Hiatal herniaD. Umbilical hernia
- 13. The symptom of "mania" is part of what condition:
- A. Generalized anxiety
- B. Schizophrenia
- C. Chronic depression
- D. Bipolar disorder
- 14. Which of the following is NOT an autoimmune disease:
- A. SLE (lupus)
- B. Osteomyelitis
- C. Primary biliary cholangitis
- D. Rheumatoid arthritis
- E. Psoriatic arthritis
- F. Sjogren's syndrome
- 15. Which of the following does not directly affect the liver:
- A. Autoimmune hepatitis
- B. NAFLD
- C. NASH
- D. Ehlers Danlos syndrome
- E. Primary sclerosing cholangitis
- 16. Which of the following is treated by performing a Nissen fundoplication:
- A. Umbilical hernia
- B. Rectocele
- C. Ovarian cyst
- D. Hiatal hernia
- E. Aortic aneurysm
- 17. Lateral internal sphincterotomy is a method to treat which of the following:
- A. Hemorrhoids
- B. Coronary artery occlusion
- C. Chronic anal fissure
- D. Hip fracture

18.	When a woman elects for surgical contraception after deciding she is done having children, she
	has a:
A.	Hysterectomy
В.	Endometrial ablation
C.	Vulvectomy
D.	D&C
E.	Bilateral tubal ligation

- 19. If vaginal childbirth is too dangerous to allow/perform, a Gynecologist will instead perform:
- A. Caesarian section
- B. Cholecystectomy
- C. Bladder resuspension
- D. Abdominoplasty
- 20. If a patient has severe, unexplained abdominal pain and needs emergency surgery to determine the cause, he/she is most likely to have:
- A. Colostomy
- B. Colonoscopy
- C. Exploratory laparotomy or laporoscopy
- D. Episiotomy
- 21. The technique of "open reduction-internal fixation" is used by what type of surgeon:
- A. Orthopedic surgeon
- B. Vascular surgeon
- C. Gynecologist
- D. Neurosurgeon
- 22. Which of the following is a surgery to help someone lose weight (bariatric surgery):
- A. Lap-band gastroplasty
- B. Roux-en-Y gastrojejunostomy
- C. Sleeve gastrectomy
- D. Pancreatico-biliary diversion
- E. All of the above
- 23. Coronary artery bypass graft surgery (CABG) is typically performed when a patient has multiple coronary arteries diseased by plaque:
- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

A. B. C. D.	
A. B. C.	A case of small bowel obstruction is most likely to be remedied by what surgical procedure: Nissen fundoplication Partial colectomy Lysis of adhesions Inguinal hernia repair
A. B. C.	Breast cancer may be treated by which surgery/surgeries: Hysterectomy Mastectomy Lumpectomy Mediastinoscopy B & C
A. B. C.	The most common reason a patient needs to have a nephrectomy: Bladder cancer Uterine cancer Kidney stones Renal cell cancer
A. B. C.	A "nose job" is also called: Septoplasty Salpingectomy Rhinoplasty TURP
29. A. B. C.	Pancreatic cancer is often treated by which surgery: Mohs surgery Tupet fundoplication Whipple procedure

D. Transanal excision

- 30. An ileal carcinoid tumor would be treated by which surgery:
- A. Lysis of adhesions
- B. Total colectomy
- C. Segmental small bowel resection
- D. Lithotripsy
- E. Laminectomy